FIRST+

Financial Institution Resilience & STrengthening

Developing an MSME focused sales and marketing plan

to improve performance

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Webinar Objectives

'Without a plan, you plan to fail.'

This webinar will help you develop **practical**, **structured** and **detailed** sales and marketing plans to meet your individual sales goals and support the organization in achieving its **overall business objectives**.



Webinar Objectives

- Identify your target market
- > The importance of market research
- How to undertake a good SWOT analysis
- Developing your marketing objectives



Marketing budget / cost benefit analysis



Why Plan?



"To achieve goals
you've never
achieved before, you
need to start doing
things you've never
done before."





The most dangerous phrase in the language is "we've always done it this way."

Rear Admiral Grace Hopper

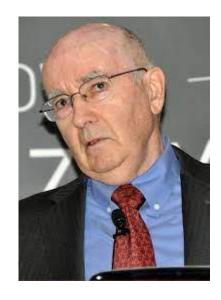
Philip Kotler

(Marketing Author and Consultant)

> The mantra of marketing:



- C = create
- > C = communicate
- \triangleright D = deliver
- \triangleright V = value
- > T = target market
- \triangleright P = at a profit



Sales and Marketing Plan





Target Market(s)

- > The first thing to do is to identity your target market(s):
 - > Female market
 - > Youth market
 - > Mining sector
 - > M/SME market
 - Etc. Etc. Etc.





Developing a Sales and Marketing Plan

- ➤ Why have you decided to target this market?
 - Have you a competitive advantage over other financial institutions?
 - ➤ Have you a **strategic reason** to target the market?
 - ➤ Is it a **defensive strategy** because your core customer base is being **targeted** by **competitors**?

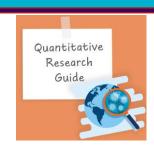


Market Research

- The 2nd key action is to undertake market research (quantitative / qualitative research) into your chosen target market(s), e.g. M/SME market
- **▶** How **Critical** is **Market Research**?
 - Without it you have no foundation on which to build your marketing strategy or marketing plan
 - ➤ Market Research is the process of learning as much as possible about your target market, your own performance, your competitors and customers which is essential to successful marketing and driving the business

Quantitative Market Research

Quantitative research poses identical questions to selected customers



The customer must answer Yes or No, e.g.

Question		No
Did you get good service in this branch today?		
Did our staff explain our products to you?		
Would you recommend us to a family member or friend		

- ➤ No customer comments are required in this type of research
- In this type of research clearly defined questions results in **charts / tables** and allows for **statistical analysis**

Qualitative Market Research

- ➤ Individual or in Group Interviews, ask customers how they FEEL about a product or service
- Customers are asked to give their views, e.g.
 - ➤ Why do you **like** banking with us?



- What do you think of the service we offer in this branch?
- What could we do to make you give us all of your banking business?
- ➤ In this type of research **open questions** are used do not influence the answers
- Often it is advisable to use an external facilitator to undertake this type of research

Market Research

EXTERNAL

- Industry and business sector development, niche markets
- Competitor Sales Cultures,
 Distribution Channels etc.
- Competitor product benefits, characteristics, price etc.
- Competitor activities, mass
 market appeal and differentiation

Market Needs

Sales

Customers

Competitors

INTERNAL

- Market share and future direction / segmentation
- Current Sales Strategy,
 Culture and Targets
- Product Portfolio new products 'fitting' with existing
- Understanding customer needs and wants

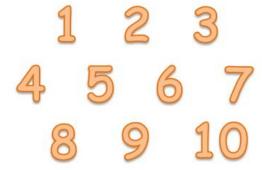
Market Research

- > Obtain data from wherever it is available e.g.:
 - > Government agencies
 - Local Chambers of Commerce
 - > Local market intelligence / publications
- For Example: external market research (quantitative research) into your chosen target market(s), e.g. M/SME market:
 - > How many
 - > How much determine their economic value
 - Put numbers on your assumptions (always detail your assumptions)

Put Numbers on Your Assumptions

For example – the number of **traders** in the area surrounding your branch:

- Take a walking tour around your locality and actually count them let's say 75 in total
- ➤ Talk with a number of traders that currently do business with your bank, and ask them to estimate their **average sales** in 1 week let's say GH¢ 5,000
- The economic value of the traders in your area is estimated to be:
 - \gt 75 x GH¢ 5,000 = **GH¢ 375,000** per week
 - > = annual economic value = GH¢ 19.5m

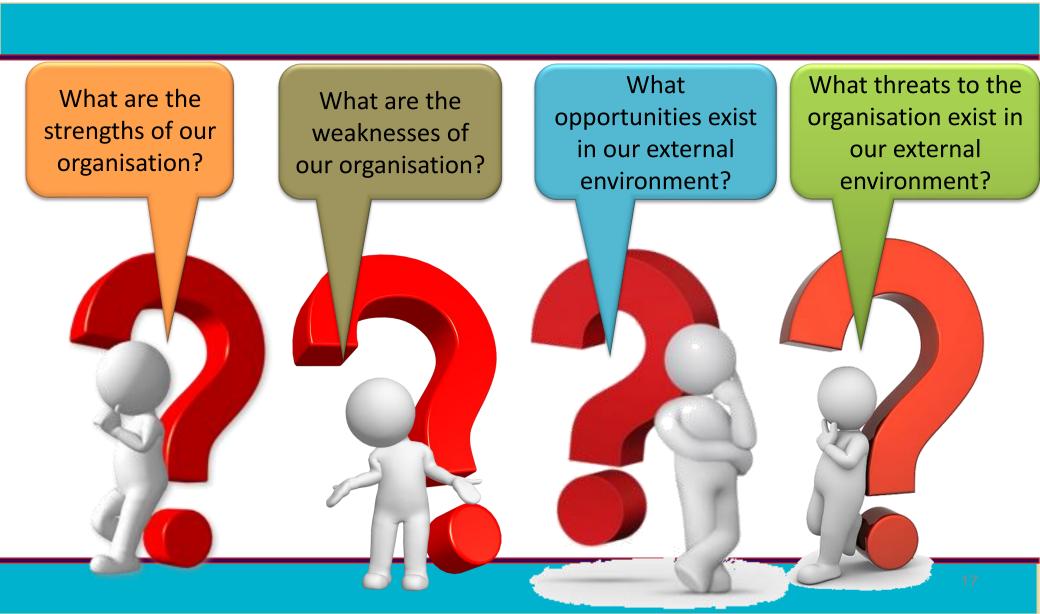


S.W.O.T.

The 3rd key
element of a Sales
and Marketing
Plan is to
undertake a
SWOT analysis of
your bank or
branch

	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE		
	STRENGTHS	WEAKNESSES		
INTERNAL				
	OPPORTUNITIES	THREATS		
EXTERNAL				

S.W.O.T.



Tips for Effective Swot Analysis



Always be realistic about your **strengths** - **minimise** staff related strengths



Should distinguish between where your financial institution is **today**, and where it could be in the future



Should always be **specific** avoid gray areas



Identifying
weaknesses is
critical – the more
the better – allows
room for
improvement

S.W.O.T. - Example

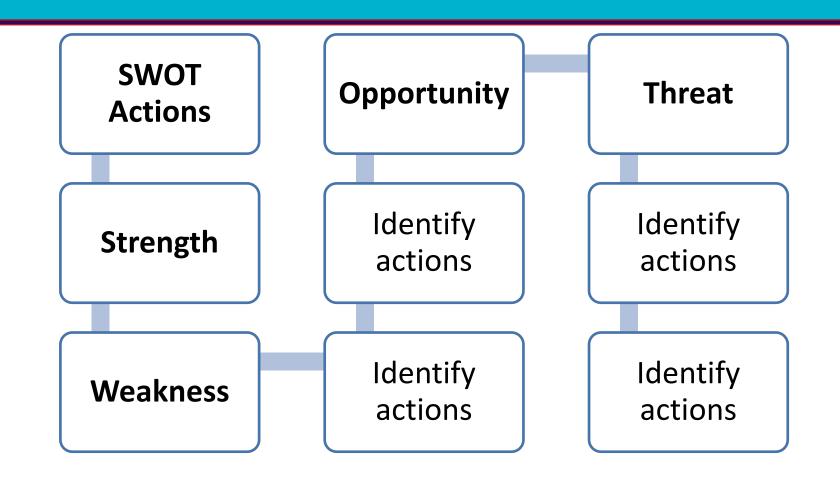
	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE
	STRENGTHS	WEAKNESSES
INTERNAL	 Our staff are friendly towards customers We are located in the heart of the town The layout of our branch is customer friendly Our customer satisfaction rating is above 80% 	 Staff sales skills need to be improved Our product knowledge needs to be improved The attitude of some staff is bad Our time management needs to be improved We are slow to embrace change
	OPPORTUNITIES	THREATS
EXTERNAL	 There is a new factory opening in our local area The town is growing and new houses are being built The mining industry is booming in our locality There are new schools being built in the town 	 The Universal Banks are targeting our area Telecoms companies are entering the money transmission market Climate change is affecting farmers crops The economic conditions in our area are deteriorating

SWOT – Action Plan

- From your SWOT analysis, **prioritise** your results and identify your:
 - > Biggest strength
 - > Most critical weakness
 - Biggest opportunity
 - > Greatest threat



SWOT – Action Plan



Develop Marketing Objectives

- > The 4th task is to develop your marketing objectives
- ➤ With the information and analysis you have gathered what do you want to achieve?



- For example, over the next 12 months:
 - ➤ Increase the number of **M/SME customers** by 10% in number = 150 new customers
 - Grow female customers deposit base by 10% in value = GH¢ Xm in new deposits
 - Increase new account acquisition of farmers by 15% = 250 new accounts

Develop Sales and Marketing Strategies

- > The 5th task is to develop your sales and marketing strategies
- ➤ Identify what you intend to do to achieve your marketing objectives, e.g. increase the number of **M/SME customers** by 10% in number = 150 new customers
- > Identify a list of **30 M/SME** prospects each month
 - > Communicate to prospects by means of email / phone calls /personal contact
 - Target **10 new accounts** each month
- Undertake a one roadshow per month to communicate the benefits of doing business with you
 - > Target **5 new accounts** per month
- Look for referrals from 10 existing customers each month
 - > Target to get 2 new accounts per month

Develop Sales and Marketing Strategies

➤ **Identify** what you **intend to do** to achieve your marketing objectives:

Objective	Action	Who is responsible	Start date	Deliverables
1	Identify 30 prospects per month	Terry	1 st of each month	10 new accounts per month
2	Undertake 1 roadshow per month	Edmund	2 nd week of each month	5 new accounts per month
3	Ask 10 existing customers for referrals per month	Jane	3 rd week of each month	2 new accounts per month

Monitor, review and adjust your action plan continually as appropriate

Develop Sales and Marketing Strategies

- > Identify and document your competitive advantage
- Outline why should people do business with you over a competing financial institution
- Create a compelling sales proposition
- Identify the selling skills / sales techniques to be used, e.g. referrals; cross selling; networking; etc.

Marketing Budget

- > The final task is to develop a marketing budget
- Identify the costs associated with each action outlined in your list of marketing strategies

Objective	Action	Who is responsible	Deliverables	Cost
1	Identify 30 prospects per month	Terry	10 new accounts per month	Identify cost
2	Undertake 1 roadshow per month	Edmund	5 new accounts per month	Identify cost
3	Ask 10 existing customers for referrals per month	Jane	2 new accounts per month	Identify cost

Marketing Budget – Costs Benefit Analysis

- A cost benefit analysis is used to compare what you expect to pay for each initiative against what benefits or opportunities it will provide
- > It's a process to determine if the action is viable or not from a cost perspective
- ➤ It does this by placing a **value** in amount (**GH¢**) against every **cost** and **benefit** to the project
- When you subtract the benefits from the cost, you get an idea of **profits**; both financially and in terms of business objectives and goals
- When your **estimated benefits** are **greater** than the **costs**, then it's more than likely you should **proceed** with the initiative

In Summary

- ➤ **Typically** the contents of a Sales and Marketing Plan would include the following:
 - 1. Executive summary
 - 2. External market research
 - 3. Internal research
 - 4. S.W.O.T. development and analysis
 - 5. Assumptions
 - 6. Marketing **objectives**
 - 7. Sales and marketing strategies
 - 8. Marketing **budget / cost benefit analysis**

Upcoming Events

27 & 28 Oct,

Regulatory Financial Reporting Workshop (Savings and Loans

8:00 – 5:00pm **Companies)**

8 & 9 Nov,

Planning and Budgeting (Microcredit)

8:00 - 5:00pm

15 Nov,

Performance Management / Incentives for Lenders (Webinar)







